

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 5742
LCO No. 2512

February Session, 2002

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE POSSESSION OR USE OF CERTAIN FIREARMS FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN HUNTING OR SELF-DEFENSE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 53-202 of the general statutes, as amended by
- 2 section 69 of public act 01-195, is repealed and the following is
- 3 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- 4 (a) As used in this section: (1) "Machine gun" shall apply to and
- 5 include a weapon of any description, loaded or unloaded, which
- 6 shoots, is designed to shoot or can be readily restored to shoot
- 7 automatically more than one projectile, without manual reloading, by
- 8 a single function of the trigger, and shall also include any part or
- 9 combination of parts designed for use in converting a weapon into a
- machine gun and any combination of parts from which a machine gun
- 11 can be assembled if such parts are in the possession of or under the
- control of a person. (2) "Crime of violence" shall apply to and include
- 13 any of the following-named crimes or an attempt to commit any of the
- 14 same: Murder, manslaughter, kidnapping, sexual assault and sexual
- assault with a firearm, assault in the first or second degree, robbery,

- 16 burglary, larceny and riot in the first degree. (3) "Projectile" means any 17 size bullet that when affixed to any cartridge case may be propelled 18 through the bore of a machine gun.
- 19 (b) Any person who possesses or uses a machine gun in the 20 perpetration or attempted perpetration of a crime of violence shall be 21 imprisoned not less than ten years nor more than twenty years.
- 22 (c) Any person who possesses or uses a machine gun for an 23 offensive or aggressive purpose shall be fined not more than one 24 thousand dollars or imprisoned not less than five years nor more than 25 ten years or be both fined and imprisoned.
 - (d) The possession or use of a machine gun shall be presumed to be for an offensive or aggressive purpose: (1) When the machine gun is on premises not owned or rented, for bona fide permanent residence or business occupancy, by the person in whose possession the machine gun was found; or (2) when in the possession of, or used by, an unnaturalized foreign-born person, or a person who has been convicted of a crime of violence in any state or federal court of record of the United States of America, its territories or insular possessions; or (3) when the machine gun is of the kind described in subsection (g) [hereof] of this section and has not been registered as [therein] required by said subsection; or (4) when empty or loaded projectiles of any caliber which have been or are susceptible of use in the machine gun are found in the immediate vicinity thereof.
- 39 (e) The presence of a machine gun in any room, boat or vehicle shall 40 be presumptive evidence of the possession or use of the machine gun 41 by each person occupying such room, boat or vehicle.
 - (f) Each manufacturer shall keep a register of all machine guns manufactured or handled by the manufacturer. Such register shall show the model and serial number, and the date of manufacture, sale, loan, gift, delivery or receipt, of each machine gun, the name, address and occupation of the person to whom the machine gun was sold,

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

42

43

44

45

46

loaned, given or delivered, or from whom it was received and the purpose for which it was acquired by the person to whom the machine gun was sold, loaned, given or delivered. Upon demand, any manufacturer shall permit any marshal or police officer to inspect such manufacturer's entire stock of machine guns, and parts and supplies therefor, and shall produce the register, [herein] required by this subsection, for inspection. Any person who violates any provision of this subsection shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars.

- (g) Each machine gun in this state adapted to use projectiles of any caliber shall be registered in the office of the Commissioner of Public Safety within twenty-four hours after its acquisition and, thereafter, annually, on July first. Blanks for registration shall be prepared by said commissioner and furnished upon application. To comply with this subsection, the application as filed shall show the model and serial number of the gun, the name, address and occupation of the person in possession, and from whom and the purpose for which the gun was acquired. The registration data shall not be subject to inspection by the public. Any person who fails to register any gun as required [hereby] by this subsection shall be presumed to possess the same for an offensive or aggressive purpose. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any machine gun which has been registered under the provisions of subsection (f) of this section and which is still in the actual possession of the manufacturer.
- (h) No provision of this section shall apply to: (1) The manufacture of machine guns for sale or transfer to the United States government, to any state, territory or possession of the United States or to any political subdivision thereof or to the District of Columbia; (2) the possession of a machine gun rendered inoperable by welding of all critical functioning parts and possessed as a curiosity, ornament or keepsake; or (3) a machine gun acquired, transferred or possessed in accordance with the National Firearms Act, as amended, provided such machine gun shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section.

80 (i) The Department of Public Safety shall annually determine 81 whether there are firearms other than machine guns that are not 82 suitable principally for use in hunting or self-defense and whose 83 possession or use should be subject to the provisions of this section. 84 Not later than January 15, 2003, and annually thereafter, the 85 department shall report its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly on judiciary in 86 87 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	July 1, 2002

Statement of Purpose:

To require the Department of Public Safety to annually determine if there are firearms that are not suitable for hunting or self-defense and whose possession and use should be treated like the possession and use of machine guns.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]